Title	NARCliM1.5 climate projections
Alternative title(s)	Regional climate projections
Abstract	What is NARCliM?
	The New South Wales and Australian Regional Climate Modelling (NARCliM) project develops high-resolution regional climate projections that cover NSW and South- eastern Australia at a higher resolution and the Australasian continent and beyond at another resolution (named the NARCliM and CORDEX domains, respectively). Computer modelled climate projections are the best information we have available on our future climate. NARCliM has been designed to help government, industry and community in NSW and Australia plan for our future with robust regional and local scale data. The NARCliM project uses currently available global climate models (GCM) and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions scenarios from the latest Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP) used in the IPCC reports and applies regional dynamical downscaling using the latest Weather Research and Forecasting model (WRF). NARCliM generates critical climate indices for a broad range of applications and climate change adaptation and risk analysis.
	NARCIIM1.5
	An enhanced set of climate projections (NARCliM1.5) were released in 2020. NARCliM1.5 contains simulations from three CMIP5 GCMs and two RCMs and two GHG scenarios (RCP4.5 and RCP8.5). The simulated time period is continuous from 1951 to 2100. NARCliM1.5 has the same grid resolution as NARCliM1.0 – a 10 km grid for South-eastern Australia (NARCliM domain) nested within a 50 km grid for Australasia (CORDEX domain), and is useful for analysis of climate extremes, impact thresholds and stress testing.
	The new projections offer enhancements to NARCliM1.0 (2014). These include: * Global climate models (GCMs) from the Coupled Model Intercomparison Project-5 (CMIP5) * Two future climate scenarios called Representative Concentration Pathways (RCPs) from CMIP5: RCP4.5 (some mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions); and RCP8.5 (very limited mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions) * A continuous time period of 1951 to 2100 * Daily, monthly and seasonal timesteps * Post-processed data of fifteen core variables and bias-corrected data for three variables and data. * Additionally, users can access two two ERA-Interim reanalysis forced simulations were run for 1979 to 2013.
	NARCliM1.5 has been designed as a supplement to NARCliM1.0 in order to provide broader range of future climate variability. Users are required to review and agree to the Terms and Conditions of use. Further, users are strongly advised that NARCliM1.5 is not a replacement for NARCliM1.0, rather, NARCliM1.5 complements NARCliM1.0. Therefore, both sets of models should be used to capture the range of future climate variability for South-eastern Australia. Additional information about the data is available on the AdaptNSW website
	Model output
	For access to NARCliM1.5 climate projections data, please visit the NSW Climate Data Portal or the National Computational Infrastructure at ANU. Additional variables useful for specialist analysis are available upon request. For more information, visit the AdaptNSW website, or contact us through the NARCliM Mailbox, narclim@environment.nsw.gov.au.
Resource locato	r
Data Quality	Name: Data Quality Statement
Statement	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
	Description:
	Data quality statement for NARCliM1.5 data
	Function: download
Introducing NARCliM1.5:	Name: Introducing NARCliM1.5: Evaluating the Performance of Regional Climate Projections for Southeast Australia for 1950–2100
Evaluating the Performance of	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
Regional Climate	Description:

r s li M t C a a a s c s s c s r f T	term, inter-annual to decadal trends across the 21st century. Feedback on user needs for regional climate information revealed the desire for multiple emission scenarios and use of newer CMIP5 GCMs for dynamical downscaling. These limitations led to development of the second iteration of NARCliM, namely NARCliM1.5 (N1.5). The N1.5 downscaling exercise uses CMIP5 GCMs and is temporally expanded to cover 150 years (1950–2100) for two future Representative Concentration Pathways (RCP4.5 and RCP8.5). N1.5 simulations remain at the 50-km and 10 km resolutions over the same domains as N1.0, thus producing an expanded and complementary data set for regional climate change. N1.5 simulations substantially improve over N1.0 in capturing the seasonal patterns and magnitudes of precipitation, including improvements in overall bias. Conversely, N1.5 shows similar results to N1.0 for maximum and minimum temperature, with no substantial improvement in overall bias. N1.5 projections project a hotter and drier future relative to N1.0. The combined N1.0 and N1.5 ensemble provides a wider spread of
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	future climates more representative of that found in the full CMIP5 ensemble. Together, N1.0 and N1.5 ensembles provide an improved, more comprehensive data set for studying climate change.
F	Function: download
	Name: NARCliM1.5 climate variables
climate variables F	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
С	Description:
	List of variables generated for NARCliM1.5, alongside of NARCliM1.0. For more information on data availability, please visit the Climate Data Portal
F	Function: download
	Name: NARCliM1.5 reanalysis climate variables
reanalysis climate variables	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
C C	Description:
	This link will redirect you to the NSW Climate Data Portal, where you can browse and download reanalysed NARCliM1.5 climate variables.
F	Function: download
	Name: NARCliM1.5 Technical Methods Report
Technical Methods Report	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
С	Description:
Т	Technical methods report for the development of NARCliM1.5
F	Function: download
	Name: NARCliM1.5 Quality Assurance Report
Quality Assurance Report	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
	Description:
C	Quality Assurance Report for NARCliM1.5
F	Function: download
<u>remound</u>	Name: Terms and Conditions for NARCliM data
Conditions for NARCliM data	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload
	Description:
	Please read: covers the requirement of how to acknowledge and cite NARCliM in publications, data disclaimer, license and privacy.
F	Function: download

Code	02b203e6-c685-47e5-8c34-f2c8da027249	
Presentation form	Model digital	
Edition	NARCIiM1.5	
Dataset language	English	
Metadata standard		
Name	ISO 19115	
Edition	2016	
Dataset URI	https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/opendata/dataset/02b203e6-c685-47e5-8c34 f2c8da027249	
Purpose	Meeting strategic requirements for regional climate data	
Status	Under development	
Spatial representation type	grid	
Spatial reference	e system	
Code identifying the spatial	4283	
reference system	7205	
	10 km	
reference system Spatial		
reference system Spatial resolution	10 km	
reference system Spatial resolution Additional information	10 km NARCliM output The NARCliM models generate data for more than 100 variables. The most commonly used variables are provided on the Climate Data Portal in multiple	
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reference system Spatial resolution Additional information	10 km MARCliM output The NARCliM models generate data for more than 100 variables. The most commonly used variables are provided on the Climate Data Portal in multiple formats. These include: • 2-metre temperature (hourly) • Daily maximum 2-metre temperature • Daily minimum 2-metre temperature • Precipitation • Surface pressure • 2-metre specific humidity (hourly) • 10-metre wind speed (hourly) • Surface evaporation • Soil moisture • Radiation (upward and downward longwave, upward and downward short wave	

- Max is maximum within daily values time: point values 1 hour
- Min is minimum within daily values time: point values 1 hour.
- Meantstep is average within daily values time: point values 300 second
- Maxtstep is maximum within daily values time: point values 300 second
- Mintstep is minimum within daily values time: point values 300 second

For monthly mean variables:

- Mean is average within monthly values time: point values 1hour
- Max is maximum within monthly values time: point values 1 hour
- Maxmean is mean of daily maximum within daily values: point value 1 hour
- Min is minimum within monthly values time: point values 1 hour
- Minmean is mean of daily minimum within daily values: point value 1 hour
- Meantstep is average within monthly values time: point values 300 second
- Maxtstep is maximum within monthly values time: point values 300 second
- Mintstep is minimum within monthly values time: point values 300 second

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For all enquires, feedback and complaints relating to NARCliM data, please contact: narclim@environment.nsw.gov.au

Keyword set				
keyword value	CLIMATE-AND-WEATHER			
	CLIMATE-AND-WEATHER-Climate-change			
Originating controlled vocabulary				
Title	ANZLIC Search Words			
Reference date	2008-05-16			
Geographic location				
NSW Place Name	South-eastern Australia			
Vertical extent information				
Minimum value	-100			
Maximum value	2228			
Coordinate reference system				
Authority code	urn:ogc:def:cs:EPSG::			
Code identifying the coordinate reference system	5711			
Temporal extent				
Begin position	1951-01-01			
End position	N/A			
Dataset reference date				
Resource maintenance				
Maintenance and update frequency	As needed			
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Responsible party role	pointOfContact			

Lineage	NARCliM is an ensemble of six GCM combinations. Three Coupled Model Inter-comparison Project phase 5 (CMIP5) GCMs were dynamically downscaled to finer spatial and temporal scales using two RCMs. The NARCliM1.5 projections simulate a continuous period from 1951 (historical period) to 2100 (future). Reanalysis-forced simulations were performed from 1979 to 2013.
	General information
	Outputs from GCMs are used as the initial condition in the regional climate model. GCMs were selected based on their overall performance in representing large scale climate phenomena (e.g. El Nino patterns) and climate variability in widely used metrics (e.g. rainfall and temperature), based on an extensive literature review. The overall poor-performing GCMs were excluded. The remaining GCMs were ranked for independence. Finally, the independence ranking was combined with choosing a spread in temperature and rainfall projections for southeastern Australia.
	The RCMs differ by their parameterisations of planetary boundary layer, land surface and cumulus physics, micro physics, and short and longwave radiation physics. The RCMs were selected from combinations of physics schemes, ranked on their distinct ability to capture temperature, precipitation, mean sea level pressure and winds, as well as their statistical independence.
	The model output from the NARCliM six-member (NARCliM1.5), three-dimensional (longitude, latitude, height) ensemble was further processed into two-dimensional Coordinated Regional Climate Downscaling Experiment (CORDEX)-compliant files at various temporal resolutions from sub-daily to annual timescales. The postprocessed data was then interpolated onto a regular latitude-longitude grid from the native rotated pole grid that WRF uses. Temperature and precipitation outputs were bias-corrected which acts as an additional dataset available when assessing thresholds and non-linearities in the system. NARCliM data is in NetCDF format, however the Climate Data Portal provides data in a text-readable format.
	The NARCliM models were simulated on the National Computational Infrastructure supercomputing facility. The CORDEX 50 km and NARCliM 10 km domains are run together in a one-way nesting set-up.
Constraint	set
Use constraints	This data is provided under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 licence <u>http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0</u> . Attribute 'NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water' in publications using this data.
Limitations on public access	
Scope	dataset
DQ Complete	ness Commission
Effective date	2020-12-31
Explanation	Excess datum in the dataset are projections of southern Queensland, eastern South Australia and all of Victoria.
	NARCliM Domain (including the excess data)
	Grid Type: rotated pole
	• Grid north pole: (147.63N, 60.31E)
	• Grid corner (regular coordinates): (133.7271, -39.7919) (168.1256, -22.4710)
DQ Absolute	External Positional Accuracy
Effective date	2020-12-31
Explanation	Resolution is 10 km for the NARCliM domain and 50 km for the CORDEX domain.

Responsible party		
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Responsible party role	pointOfContact	
Metadata point of contact		
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Web address	https://www.nsw.gov.au/departments-and-agencies/dcceew	
Responsible party role	pointOfContact	
Metadata date	2024-10-18T00:41:31.455007	

Metadata language